WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for evaluating at least one of a risk, safety and efficiency property of a portfolio belonging to a class of one of a probability density and a probability distribution, for a given time frame, comprising:

obtaining at least one benchmark x_b having benchmark profit, benchmark loss and benchmark return values;

fitting one of

a stochastic investment class over said given time frame by obtaining a location parameter a, a scale parameter b and other corresponding shape parameters; and

an empirical investment class over said given time frame;

determining a mean return value x_m and a standard deviation σ_x using said class; displaying said portfolio graphically using said return value x_m and said standard deviation σ_x on an investment chart;

determining at least one solution to $(x_m - x_b) = [(E_S - x_b) \cdot \alpha] + [(E_P - x_b) \cdot \gamma]$, wherein $(E_S - x_b)$ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing an Expected Shortfall, $(E_P - x_b)$ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing an Expected Profit, γ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing a probability of profit and α is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing a probability of loss for said portfolio using properties of said class;

graphically illustrating at least one component of said expression, in the form of a topographical map on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b ;

whereby said portfolio can be evaluated in terms of at least one of risk, safety and efficiency.

2. A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising:

determining at least one solution to $(x_m - x_b) = I \cdot s + I \cdot P$, wherein $I \cdot s$ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing an insurance against an Expected Shortfall and $I \cdot P$ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing an insurance against an Expected Profit;

graphically illustrating at least one of Γ_s and Γ_P in the form of topographical maps on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b .

3. A method as claimed in claim 2, further comprising:

determining E_3 efficiency as the negative value of the ratio of the insurance against an Expected Profit Γ_P to the insurance against an Expected Shortfall Γ_S ;

graphically illustrating said E_3 efficiency, in the form of topographical map on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b .

4. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, further comprising:

determining at least one of E_1 efficiency as the ratio of the probability of profit γ to the probability of loss α , E_2 efficiency as the negative value of the ratio of Expected Profit $(E_P - x_b)$ to Expected Shortfall $(E_S - x_b)$ and E_4 efficiency as the ratio of the risk premium $(x_m - x_b)$ to the probability of loss α ;

graphically illustrating at least one of said efficiencies, in the form of topographical maps on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b .

- 5. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, further comprising: establishing complementary orthogonal trajectories to the topographical map.
- 6. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, further comprising: rescaling said given time frame for self affine probability densities or distributions.
- 7. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein said graphically illustrating further comprises establishing at least one region of interest for said evaluation based on at least one of an investor's perception of desirability or tolerance to risk, safety and efficiency.
 - 8. A system for evaluating at least one of a risk, safety and efficiency property of

a portfolio belonging to a class of one of a probability density and a probability distribution, for a given time frame, comprising:

a benchmark identifier for obtaining at least one benchmark x_b having benchmark profit, benchmark loss and benchmark return values;

a class fitter for fitting one of

a stochastic investment class over said given time frame by obtaining a location parameter a, a scale parameter b and other corresponding shape parameters; and

an empirical investment class over said given time frame;

a parameter calculator for determining a mean return value x_m and a standard deviation σ_x using said class;

a plotter for displaying said portfolio graphically using said return value x_m and said standard deviation σ_x on an investment chart;

a component determiner for determining at least one solution to $(x_m - x_b) = [(E_S - x_b) \cdot \alpha] + [(E_P - x_b) \cdot \gamma]$, wherein $(E_S - x_b)$ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing an Expected Shortfall, $(E_P - x_b)$ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing an Expected Profit, γ is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing a probability of profit and α is a component of $(x_m - x_b)$ representing a probability of loss for said portfolio using properties of said class;

an illustrator for graphically illustrating at least one component of said expression, in the form of a topographical map on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b ;

whereby said portfolio can be evaluated in terms of at least one of risk, safety and efficiency.

9. A system as claimed in claim 8, further comprising:

an insurance determiner for determining at least one solution to $(x_{m-}x_{b})=\Gamma s+\Gamma_{P}$, wherein Γs is a component of $(x_{m-}x_{b})$ representing an insurance against an Expected Shortfall and Γ_{P} is a component of $(x_{m-}x_{b})$ representing an

insurance against an Expected Profit;

said illustrator graphically illustrating at least one of Γ_S and Γ_P in the form of topographical maps on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b .

10. A system as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

an insurance efficiency determiner for determining E_3 efficiency as the negative value of the ratio of the insurance against an Expected Profit Γ_P to the insurance against an Expected Shortfall Γ_S ;

said illustrator graphically illustrating said E_3 efficiency, in the form of topographical map on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b .

11. A system as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 10, further comprising:

a component efficiency determiner for determining at least one of E_1 efficiency as the ratio of the probability of profit γ to the probability of loss α , E_2 efficiency as the negative value of the ratio of Expected Profit $(E_P - x_b)$ to Expected Shortfall $(E_S - x_b)$ and E_4 efficiency as the ratio of the risk premium $(x_m - x_b)$ to the probability of loss α ;

said illustrator graphically illustrating at least one of said efficiencies, in the form of topographical maps on said investment chart using said benchmark x_b .

- 12. A system as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 11, wherein said illustrator establishes complementary orthogonal trajectories to the topographical map.
 - 13. A system as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 12, further comprising:
- a time rescaler for rescaling said given time frame for self affine probability densities or distributions.
- 14. A system as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 13, further comprising an investment zone determiner for establishing at least one region of interest for said evaluation based on at least one of an investor's perception of desirability or tolerance

to risk, safety and efficiency.